

Secured Bond

November 4, 2021



Study Methodology

- ➤ Staff examined the use of secured bond as part of the continuing study on the pretrial process by:
 - Conducting a review of relevant literature;
 - Examining Virginia bail statutes;
 - Analyzing statewide Virginia data;
 - Identifying bail reform measures in other states; and,
 - Surveying numerous practitioners.

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Bail Conditions in Virginia

- ➤ When a person is charged with a crime and not released on a summons, bail conditions may include a:
 - Personal Recognizance (PR) bond
 - Unsecured bond
 - Secured bond cash, property, or a surety

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Key Findings

- ➤ **Key Finding 1:** Virginia is in a unique position to examine its pretrial system as a result of the Virginia Pre-Trial Data Project.
 - The Project dataset can inform policy decisions.
 - o Limited scope (October 2017)
 - o Pre-COVID-19 pandemic
 - $\circ \quad \text{Pre-criminal justice reforms} \\$
 - The Project dataset cannot explain the "why" behind the data.

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- ➤ **Key Finding 2:** While several other states have enacted bail reform measures, various factors present challenges to ascertaining the specific impacts of these reforms, such as:
 - No state has completely eliminated secured bond;
 - Several states implemented bail reform measures and then repealed or modified those reforms;
 - Recentness of reform measures;
 - Lack of complete or reliable data;
 - COVID-19 pandemic; and,
 - Overall rise in crime rates.

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Key Findings

- ➤ **Key Finding 3:** The statewide analysis of the Project dataset showed that most defendants were ultimately released prior to trial.
 - Of the 11,487 defendants in the statewide analysis:
 - \circ 83% (9,503) released during the pretrial period
 - o 17% (1,984) detained the entire pretrial period

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➤ Key Finding 3 (cont.):

- The majority of those defendants were released on a PR or unsecured bond.
- Of the 9,503 released defendants:
 - o 56% (5,364) released on PR or unsecured bond
 - o 44% (4,139) released on secured bond

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Key Findings

Key Finding 3 (cont.):

- The large majority of defendants who were released appeared in court.
- Of the 9,503 released defendants:
 - o 86% (8,149) not charged with failure to appear
 - $\circ~14\%~(1{,}354)$ charged with failure to appear

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> Key Finding 3 (cont.):

- The majority of defendants who were released were not arrested for a new in-state criminal offense during the pretrial period.
- Of the 9,503 released defendants:
 - o 76% (7,204) not arrested for new in-state offense
 - o 24% (2,299) arrested for a new in-state offense
 - 88% were arrested for an in-state misdemeanor

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Key Findings

- ➤ **Key Finding 4:** Bail determinations are not based solely on the nature of the current criminal charge.
 - Decisions are made on a case-by-case basis using various statutory criteria.
 - Many factors contribute to a person's risk of failure to appear and risk to public safety.
 - A person charged with a minor offense may have a high risk of failure to appear or risk to public safety.

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- ➤ **Key Finding 5:** Magistrates and judges have broad discretion when setting bail conditions.
 - Various bail conditions can be imposed in order to ensure court appearance and good behavior pending trial.

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Key Findings

- ➤ **Key Finding 6:** The Virginia Code favors setting bail, but does not guarantee pretrial release.
 - Magistrates and judges must set bail unless there is probable cause to believe that:
 - o The person will not appear in court; or,
 - The person's release constitutes an "unreasonable danger" to that individual or the public.

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- ➤ **Key Finding 7:** The statewide analysis found that many of the defendants <u>released</u> during the pretrial period were indigent.
 - At least 51% (2,708 of 5,364) of defendants who were released on a PR or unsecured bond were indigent.
 - At least 62% (2,559 of 4,139) of defendants who were released on secured bond were indigent.

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Key Findings

- ➤ **Key Finding 8:** The statewide analysis found that many of the defendants <u>detained</u> the entire pretrial period were indigent.
 - At least 78% (1,551 of 1,984) of defendants who were detained the entire pretrial period were indigent.
 - Defendants may remain detained for a variety of reasons, such as being held without bail, an inability to afford the secured bond, lack of access to resources, or personal decisions.

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- ➤ **Key Finding 9:** Bail bondsmen and pretrial services agencies serve unique roles and can be complimentary.
 - 25% (1,019 of 4,139) of defendants in the statewide analysis who were released on secured bond <u>also</u> received pretrial services agency supervision as a condition of bail.

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Key Findings

➤ Key Finding 9 (cont.):

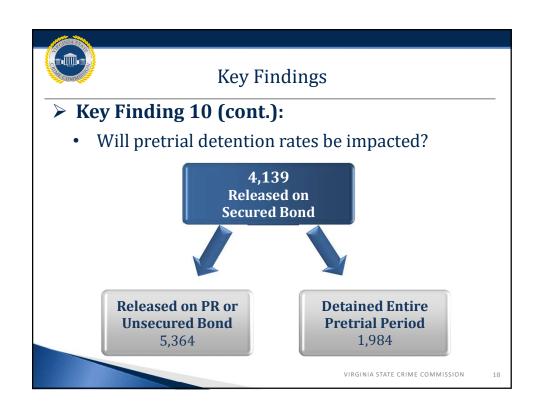
- Staff's 2019 statewide analysis found that <u>public safety</u> outcomes were identical across defendants released on:
 - o PR or unsecured bond with pretrial services agency supervision;
 - Secured bond only; and,
 - o Secured bond with pretrial services agency supervision.
- However, <u>court appearance</u> rates were higher for the group of defendants released on secured bond with pretrial services agency supervision.

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- ➤ **Key Finding 10:** The potential impacts of bail reform in Virginia are unknown.
 - Staff surveyed numerous practitioners in Virginia in an effort to identify any potential impacts that could stem from imposing restrictions on the use of secured bond.

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Key Finding 10 (cont.):

- Will court appearance rates be impacted?
- Will public safety rates be impacted?
- Will other bail conditions, such as pretrial services agency supervision and electronic monitoring, be utilized more frequently?
- · What additional resources will be required?

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Policy Options

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Policy Options

- ➤ **Policy Option:** Should Virginia Code § 19.2-123 be amended to eliminate the requirement that a secured bond <u>must</u> be set when a person is arrested for a felony AND:
 - Criteria 1: has a previous felony conviction; OR,
 - Criteria 2: is on bond for an unrelated arrest; OR,
 - Criteria 3: is currently on probation or parole.
 - The Commonwealth's Attorney must concur in order to set a PR or unsecured bond.

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Policy Options

➤ 21% (2,373 of 11,487) of defendants in the Project dataset were arrested for a felony and met the criteria set forth in Virginia Code § 19.2-123.

§ 19.2-123 Criteria	Number of Defendants	
Criteria 1	1,182	
Criteria 2	8	
Criteria 3	246	
Criteria 1 and 2	4	
Criteria 1 and 3	922	
Criteria 2 and 3	2	
Criteria 1, 2, and 3	9	
TOTAL DEFENDANTS	2.373	

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Policy Options

➤ The most serious current felony offense categories for the 2,373 defendants who were arrested for a felony and met the criteria set forth in Virginia Code § 19.2-123:

Felony Offense Category	Number of Defendants	% Total
Narcotics	765	32%
Larceny	522	22%
Assault	251	11%
Fraud	143	6%
Weapon	122	5%
All Other Offenses	570	24%
TOTAL DEFENDANTS	2,373	100%

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Policy Options

- ➤ 89% (2,117 of 2,373) of defendants who were arrested for a felony had a prior felony conviction (Criteria 1):
 - o 65% (1,375 of 2,117) had a prior felony conviction within the past 5 years; and,
 - o 35% (742 of 2,117) had a prior felony conviction older than 5 years.

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Policy Options

- ➤ When compared to all defendants in the statewide analysis, the defendants who met the criteria set forth in Virginia Code § 19.2-123 had much higher risk levels for failure to appear and new criminal activity.
- ➤ When compared to all <u>released</u> defendants in the statewide analysis, the released defendants who met the criteria set forth in Virginia Code § 19.2-123 were charged with failure to appear and arrested for new in-state offenses at higher rates.

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Policy Options

- ➤ The pretrial release status of the 2,373 defendants who were arrested for a felony and met the criteria set forth in Virginia Code § 19.2-123 was as follows:
 - 47% (1,127 of 2,373) released on secured bond.
 - o Median bond amount was \$2,500.
 - 39% (930 of 2,373) remained detained.
 - 13% (316 of 2,373) released on PR/unsecured bond.

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Additional Policy Options

- ➤ Create a presumption of release without financial conditions?
- ➤ Require the use of least restrictive bail conditions?
- ➤ Make broader systematic changes to promote pretrial release?

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